Exports and Invoicing: Evidence from the 2015 Swiss Franc Appreciation

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The Swiss National Bank's (SNB) elimination of the lower bound on the EUR/CHF exchange rate on January 15 2015 provides a unique setting to study how prices and quantities respond to changes in nominal exchange rates. The SNB's policy decision followed a three-year period of EUR/CHF stability, occurred in an otherwise stable macroeconomic environment, and was largely a response to external deprospects of quantitavelopments (e.g. tive easing in the euro area resulting in a rise in foreign demand for CHF). It resulted in an abrupt and large exchange rate appreciation when compared to typical short-term exchange-rate fluctuations in advanced economies. Relative to December 2014, the EUR/CHF appreciated by more than 20% on January 15 2015, 14.0% three months later, 14.7% six months later, and 10.6\% twelve months later, as displayed in Panel A of Figure 1. The trade-weighted nominal appreciation was smaller but still quite large.

In Auer et al. (2018) we trace the response of import prices at the border and retail (consumer) level and of consumer expenditures of domestic and imported goods in the aftermath of the 2015 appreciation, and document how the response of consumer prices and import expenditures vary across goods according to currency of in-

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voicing of border prices. In this paper we complement Auer et al. (2018) by looking at how the response of Swiss export prices and export values varies across products according to the currency of invoicing of export prices at the border. Consistent with our previous findings on import prices and those of the literature (see e.g., Gopinath et al. 2010), exchange-rate pass-through into export prices (measured in CHF) was much lower in industries with a higher share of CHF-invoiced border prices. We then examine whether these differences in border price changes by currency of invoicing carry over to allocations, as measured by changes in the value of Swiss exports by industry (which, at the aggregate level, were quite stable around this time period). We find that products with higher CHF-invoicing shares (and hence larger increase in foreigncurrency denominated prices) experienced substantially weaker export growth over time in the first two years after January 2015. At shorter horizons, export quantities did not respond across industries as much as prices to the exchange rate shock.

We view these findings as providing reduced-form evidence, using an identified exchange rate shock, that currency of invoicing (which plays an important role in the design of exchange rate policy) matters for allocations beyond its much-studied link with changes in border prices, as well as evidence of export dynamics in response to exchange-rate movements.¹

¹Our work is related to Bonadio et al. (2018), who document the response of unit values by currency of invoicing in the 2015 CHF/EUR appreciation, and to Cravino (2017), who estimates the differential response of Chilean exports to exchange rate shocks according to the invoicing currency of the transaction. Drozd and Nosal (2012) and Fitzgerald and Haller (2018) are examples of papers studying the gradual dynamics of exports to shocks.

A: Export and producer prices

-.05 2015q3 2015q3 2013a1 2015a1 2013a3 2013a3 2014q1 2014a3 2013a1 2014q1 2014a3 2015a1 Quarter **FUR/CHF** CHF invoiced Non-CHF invoiced All export prices EUR/CHF EUR invoiced Nom. eff. exchange rate

Figure 1.: Exchange rates and average price changes

Note: This figure displays the evolution of the CHF/EUR nominal exchange rate, trade-weighted nominal exchange rate, average change in producer prices, and average change in export prices (overall and by invoicing currency) between 2013 and 2015.

I. Data

Our analysis is based on two data sources. The first is the price and invoicing data underlying the official Swiss export price index. The Swiss Federal Statistical Office (SFSO) runs periodical surveys to collect transaction information on export prices and invoicing currency for the main exported products by the largest Swiss exporting firms. Rather than observing a full description of the exported product, we observe its Swiss General Classification of Economic Activities (NOGA) industry code based on the industry of the exporting firm.² Since some firms are surveyed at a monthly frequency and others at a quarterly frequency, we focus on an analysis at the quarterly frequency. Since the statistical office changed its export pricing survey in 2016, our balanced sample of price changes covers four quarters after the January 2015 appreciation.

In Table A1 of the appendix we provide summary statistics on the invoicing currency composition of our export price data. In the fourth quarter of 2014, 59.6% of products were invoiced in CHF, 35.2% in euro, 3.9% in USD, and 1.4% in other currencies. These shares are very stable between 2013 and 2015. Across those NO-GAs that we concord to the trade data, the mean, max, min and standard deviation of the fraction of prices invoiced in CHF (in the fourth quarter of 2014) are 65%, 100%, 0%, and 36%, respectively.³

B: Export prices by invoicing currency

The second data source is the quarterly export values from the foreign trade statistics published by the Swiss Customs Administration (Swiss-Impex). We concord the HS8-level trade data and NOGA in the export price data as follows. transaction-level export data from the Swiss Customs Office contains information on the exporting firm's name, address, and HS8 code per transaction. We assign to each firm the corresponding NOGA reported in the Swiss firm registry Bisnode and Bureau van Dijk's ORBIS data. Summing over all firms within each NOGA, we then select the HS8 with the highest export value over the period 2012-2015.4 We list

²Up to the four-digit level, the NOGA industry classification in Switzerland is identical to the NAICS industry classification used in the US.

³Our analysis is silent on the primitive sources of heterogeneity in currency of invoicing across industries. For example, in unreported results we do not find evidence that industries with higher CHF-invoicing have a systematically lower share of imported intermediate inputs in revenues in 2014.

⁴We select only the highest export value HS8 per NOGA to more closely approximate the selection of

in the Appendix the set of 127 HS8 products and NOGA industries implied by our concordance. During the period 2012-2015, these HS8 exports account for roughly 30% of Swiss exports of goods exclusive of "noncore" categories such as goods in transit, precious metals and stones, and works of art and antiques.

II. Changes in export prices

Panel A of Figure 1 displays the average logarithmic change in export prices at the border (expressed in CHF) by quarter between 2013 and 2015, relative to the fourth quarter in 2014.⁵ In the first (second) quarter of 2015, export prices fell on average by 4.0% (5.1%). In contrast, domestic producer prices (obtained from the SFSO) fell by only 0.3% (0.8%).

These average changes in export prices mask a lot of heterogeneity in price changes across industries (given by the exporting firms' NOGA code). Here we focus on heterogeneity originating from variation in the currency of border price invoicing. As can be seen in Panel B of Figure 1, the decline in prices (expressed in CHF) in 2015 was much less pronounced for exported products invoiced in CHF (in the fourth quarter of 2014) relative to those invoiced in

products in the export price data, which surveys the main exported products of large Swiss firms. For example, we concord the NOGA "Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations" with the HS8 code "Medicaments for therapeutic or prophylactic uses [...]" and exclude HS8 products exported by pharmaceutical firms such as "cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers [...]", which are not likely to be included by pharmaceutical firms in the export price surveys. Our results are similar if in our concordance procedure we select the two highest export value HS8s per NOGA, or if we only consider the largest firms (above median) per NOGA.

⁵Quarterly surveys for border prices are carried out by the SFSO in the first two weeks of each quarter (January, April, July, and October). Hence, prices in the January 2015 survey were collected before the appreciation. The first post-appreciation quarterly border price observation are in the March 2015 survey. We drop from the data two products with very large price changes (higher than 600%) in the third quarter of 2015. We consider unweighted averages since we only observe the weight in the export price index for a subset of products. While here we use all prices in the export price data, if we restrict the sample to observations in the subset of NOGAs that we concord with HS8 products we obtain very similar results.

non-CHF currencies. In the first (second) quarter of 2015, CHF-invoiced prices fell on average by 1.0% (2.1%) whereas non-CHF invoiced prices fell on average by 8.1% (9.7%). These differences, which are statistically significant (as can be seen in Panel A of Table 1), fall over time as the CHF/EUR reverses in part the initial appreciation and as prices adjust.

Figure A1 in the appendix reveals that export border prices are quite rigid in the currency of invoicing, even at long horizons. Panel B of Table 1 displays average changes in export prices relative to the fourth quarter of 2014, but only including observations with non-zero price changes in the currency of invoicing. Conditional on changing, prices fell by less for CHF-invoiced goods, as in Gopinath et al. (2010), but this difference is statistically significant only in the first two quarters of 2015.

In what follows we show that this variation in relative price changes across products has allocative consequences in the sense that we observe significant differences in the export growth of CHF versus non-CHF invoiced products.

III. Changes in export values

We consider a regression of the form

(1)
$$\Delta exp_{iq} = \alpha_q + \beta_q CHFShare_i + \varepsilon_{iq}$$
,

where Δexp_{iq} denotes the log difference between Swiss exports in HS8 product i, q = 1, ..., 8 quarters after December 2014 relative to the same quarter of 2014, and $CHFShare_i$ denotes the fraction of prices invoiced in CHF in the fourth quarter of 2014 in the corresponding NOGA industry i. We compare exports values for the same quarter in different years because exports are highly seasonal. We estimate (1) at dif-

⁶We weight observations by 2014 export values, and in each quarter we exclude observations with absolute changes in export values larger than 50%. Depending on the quarter, this removes up to 9 observations in 2015 and 19 in 2016. In the appendix, we show that including all observations or not weighting does not change point estimates substantially, but the increase in standard errors renders some insignificantly different from zero.

| A: All price char |
|-------------------|
|-------------------|

B: Non-zero price changes

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q |
| Non-CHF inv. | -0.123*** | -0.123*** | -0.073*** | -0.057*** | -0.147*** | -0.110*** | -0.066*** | -0.058*** |
| | (0.003) | (0.004) | (0.004) | (0.007) | (0.008) | (0.006) | (0.005) | (0.008) |
| CHF inv. (diff.) | 0.113*** (0.004) | 0.102*** (0.005) | 0.051*** (0.005) | 0.030*** (0.009) | 0.108*** (0.012) | 0.051*** (0.011) | 0.013 (0.010) | 0.001 (0.013) |
| Observations R-squared | 2,534 0.230 | $2,446 \\ 0.152$ | 2,315 0.039 | 2,194 0.005 | 771 0.087 | 1,011 0.020 | 1,143 0.001 | 1,191 0.000 |

Table 1—: Average price changes by currency of invoicing

Note: Estimates of $\Delta p_{iq} = \alpha_q + \beta_q \mathbb{I}_i \, (CHF) + \varepsilon_{iq}$, where Δp_{iq} denotes the log difference between the export price of good i in quarter q of 2015 relative to quarter 4 of 2014, and $\mathbb{I}_i \, (CHF) = 1$ for CHF-invoiced goods in quarter 4 of 2014 and 0 otherwise. α_q is referred to in the table as "Non-CHF inv.' and β_q is referred to as "CHF inv. (diff)". Panel A considers all price changes and panel B considers only non-zero price changes (measured in the invoicing currency). Robust standard errors in parentheses, *** p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1.

ferent time horizons to assess the dynamics of exports over time.

The key coefficient of interest is β_q , interpreted as the difference in export performance between a fully CHF-invoiced and a fully non-CHF invoiced industry. Table 2 shows that β_q is slightly positive in the first quarter of 2015 (suggesting that export quantities responded across industries less than prices to the exchange rate movement) but not statistically significantly different from zero. Starting in the second quarter of 2015, β_q is increasingly negative (significant at the 1 percent level as of the third guarter of 2015) in spite of the fact that the appreciation of the CHF was smaller at longer horizons. In the fourth quarter of 2015, export growth relative to the same quarter of 2014 was roughly 21 percentage points lower in industries that are (hypothetically) fully invoiced in CHF compared with industries that are fully invoiced in foreign currencies. The estimates implied by considering the sum of exports across all quarters in 2015 relative to 2014, reported in Table 2, are negative but much smaller, consistent with weaker effects in the first two quarters of 2015. The estimates are larger when considering the sum of exports in 2015 and 2016 relative to 2014.

In spite of this statistically significant relationship between changes in export values and CHF invoicing, there is substantial variation in export movements across industries that is not accounted for by invoicing differences — R^2 s reported in Table 2 do not exceed 0.21.

Figure 2 plots the dynamics of β_q over time. We can see that during the 2013-2014 pre-appreciation period, there were no marked trends in exports of CHF-invoiced products relative to non-CHF invoiced products. In the appendix, we report sensitivity of our estimates if we normalize Swiss export growth by German export growth in the same industry (to control for other regional industry effects) or if we use the average of 2013 and 2014 quarterly exports as the baseline year.

IV. Changes in export prices and export values

Recall that Figure 1 showed that border prices fall for non-CHF invoiced exports relative to CHF-invoiced exports, and Table 2 showed that export values rise disproportionately in industries with lower CHF invoicing. In this final section, we assess the extent to which the differential change of exports by currency of invoicing is induced by the differential change in export prices by currency of invoicing.

We first run a regression similar to equation (1), in which we replace the share of CHF-invoicing by industry i, $CHFShare_i$, by the log change in border prices by indus-

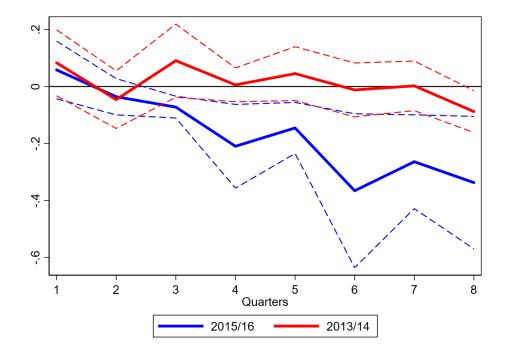


Figure 2. : Changes in export values and currency of invoicing: Estimates of β_q in equation (1)

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| VARIABLES | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | 5Q | 6Q | 7Q | 8Q | 2015 | 2015/16 |
| CHF inv. | 0.058 (0.052) | -0.036 (0.033) | -0.072*** (0.020) | -0.210*** (0.075) | -0.145*** (0.046) | -0.366*** (0.139) | -0.264*** (0.084) | -0.337*** (0.119) | -0.063*** (0.021) | -0.171** (0.068) |
| Constant | -0.062*** (0.022) | 0.009 (0.017) | 0.012 (0.010) | 0.176*** (0.034) | 0.131*** (0.019) | 0.394*** (0.061) | 0.226*** (0.036) | 0.320*** (0.056) | 0.034*** (0.011) | 0.145*** (0.038) |
| Observations | 118 | 120 | 120 | 119 | 109 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 108 | 108 |
| R-squared | 0.034 | 0.013 | 0.074 | 0.189 | 0.114 | 0.210 | 0.191 | 0.200 | 0.080 | 0.086 |

Table 2—: Changes in export values and currency of invoicing

Note: This table displays estimates of α_q and β_q in equation (1). Robust standard errors in parentheses, *** p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1.

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
|--------------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|-------------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| VARIABLES | 1QOLS | 1QFS | 1QIV | 2QOLS | 2QFS | 2QIV | 3QOLS | 3QFS | 3QIV | 4QOLS | 4QFS | 4QIV |
| Dlog Price exports | 0.535* | | 0.464 | 0.278 | | -0.293 | -0.171 | | -0.462*** | -0.851 | | -1.426*** |
| | (0.298) | | (0.386) | (0.207) | | (0.286) | (0.133) | | (0.174) | (0.557) | | (0.488) |
| CHF inv. | ` ′ | 0.125*** | ` ′ | , , | 0.127*** | ` ′ | , , | 0.157*** | , , | , , | 0.147*** | ` ′ |
| | | (0.011) | | | (0.017) | | | (0.034) | | | (0.040) | |
| Constant | 0.000 | -0.125*** | -0.004 | 0.007 | -0.131*** | -0.028 | -0.040*** | -0.157*** | -0.060*** | 0.011 | -0.140*** | -0.024 |
| | (0.025) | (0.006) | (0.030) | (0.011) | (0.007) | (0.023) | (0.015) | (0.020) | (0.018) | (0.062) | (0.025) | (0.061) |
| Observations | 117 | 117 | 117 | 118 | 118 | 118 | 118 | 118 | 118 | 119 | 119 | 119 |
| R-squared | 0.075 | 0.604 | | 0.021 | 0.610 | | 0.016 | 0.626 | | 0.128 | 0.527 | |
| | | | | | ust standard | | | 3 | | | | |
| R-squared | 0.075 | 0.604 | | Robi | | | parentheses | | | 0.128 | 0.527 | |

Table 3—: Changes in export values, prices, and currency of invoicing

Note: This table displays estimates of α_q and β_q in equation (2). In the 2SLS specifications, log changes in border prices are instrumented by the share of products that are CHF-invoiced in the corresponding NOGA (first stage is reported under FS). Robust standard errors in parentheses, *** p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1.

try. Specifically, we consider a regression of the form

(2)
$$\Delta exp_{iq} = \alpha_q + \beta_q \Delta p_{iq} + \varepsilon_{iq},$$

where Δp_{iq} denotes the log difference in the export price of NOGA i (averaged over price observations within that NOGA) q quarters after December 2014 relative to the same quarter of 2014. The OLS estimates of β_q in Table 3 are largely insignificant. This is not very surprising since there are other factors (like industry demand shocks for Swiss imports from the rest of the world) that may induce changes in exports prices and values across industries.

Under the assumption that foreign demand shocks for Swiss exports in 2015 are uncorrelated across industries with pre-2015 CHF invoicing shares, we can use the latter to instrument in equation (2) for export border price changes between 2014 and 2015.⁷ The 2SLS estimates of β_q , reported in Table 3, measure the average sensitivity of export values to export price changes across industries induced by the CHF appreciation interacted with industry pre-2015 CHF-invoicing intensity. Estimates are insignificant in the first two quarters (consistent with the reduced form results above) and range roughly between -0.5 and -1.4 (statistically significant) in the third and fourth quarters of 2015.

Note that, even if the identification assumptions underlying the instrumental variable estimations are satisfied, these estimates are not structural estimates of the demand elasticity between Swiss and other foreign goods, which would require using measures of foreign exports and theory-based price indices.

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⁷If the sensitivity of export values to export prices varies across industries, then we must additionally assume that this variation is uncorrelated with pre-2015 CHF-invoicing shares across industries. Note that standard theories of endogenous invoicing (e.g., Engel 2006) highlight desired exchange rate pass-through as a determinant of invoicing currency, which is not necessarily shaped by demand shocks to individual industries or by the sensitivity of exports to prices in the industry.

A: All products

B: Concorded sample

| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Q4/2014 | | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Q4/2014 |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Total | 2,060 | 2,307 | 2,372 | 2,512 | | 1,708 | 1,898 | 1,949 | 2,060 |
| CHF inv. EUR inv. USD inv. ROW inv. | 59.3 35.7 3.9 1.2 | 59.6 35.2 3.8 1.4 | 58.5 35.7 4.0 1.8 | 59.6 35.2 3.9 1.4 | | 60.8 35.0 3.1 1.1 | 61.1 34.3 3.1 1.5 | 59.6 34.9 3.6 1.8 | 60.9 34.4 3.3 1.5 |

Table A1—: Export price observations by currency of invoicing

Note: Per quarter average number of border export price observations and share by currency of invoicing for all products in our export price sample (Panel A) and for NOGA products that are concorded to our HS8 export data (Panel B). The share of CHF invoiced products falls slightly in 2015, mainly because those products that exit the sample are CHF invoiced. Only 6 products switch invoicing currency from CHF to non-CHF.

| NOGA description | HS description |
|---|---|
| Aluminium production | Plates, sheets & strip, of aluminium alloy, of a thickness of > 0,2 mm |
| Casting of iron | Steering wheels, steering columns & steering boxes, & parts thereof |
| Cold drawing of bars | Bars & rods, of non-alloy free-cutting steel |
| Copper production | Manufacturing waste, of copper |
| Cutting, shaping & finishing of stone | Granite, crude or roughly trimmed |
| Distilling, rectifying & blending of spirits | Liqueurs & cordials |
| Machining | Tubes, pipes & hollow profiles, welded, of circular cross-section, of iron or non-alloy steel, of an internal diameter ≤ 100 mm |
| Manu. of assembled parquet floors | Flooring panels, multilayer, assembled, of wood |
| Manu. of basic iron & steel & of ferro-alloys | Bars & rods, hot-rolled, in irregularly wound coils, of non-alloy free-cutting |
| | steel |
| Manu. of basic pharmaceutical products | Medicaments for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, put up in measured doses |
| Manu. of bearings, gears, gearing & driving elements | Electric motors of an output $\leq 37.5 \text{ W}$ |
| Manu. of beer | Beer made from malt |
| Manu. of bread; manufacture of fresh pastry goods & cakes | Wheat or meslin flour |
| Manu. of brooms & brushes | Tooth brushes, incl. dental-plate brushes |
| Manu. of builder' ware of plastic | Structures & parts of structures, of aluminium |
| Manu. of carpets & rugs Manu. of central heating radiators & boilers | Carpets & other floor coverings Central heating boilers, non-electric, weighing ≤ 500 kg each |
| Manu. of cocoa, chocolate & sugar confectionery | Chewing-gum & sweets, tablets, pastilles & the like |
| Manu. of concrete products for construction purposes | Prefabricated structural components for building or civil engineering of ce- |
| | ment, concrete or artificial stone |
| Manu. of condiments & seasonings | Chocolate & other food preparations containing cocoa |
| Manu. of corrugated paper(board) & of containers of paper(board) | Fluting paper, uncoated, in rolls of a width > 36 cm |
| Manu. of cutlery | Secateurs & similar one-handed pruners & shears, incl. poultry shears, with |
| | working parts of base metal |
| Manu. of doors & windows of metal | Structures & parts of structures, of aluminium |
| Manu. of dyes & pigments | Pigments, incl. metallic powders & flakes, dispersed in non-aqueous media, in liquid or paste form |
| Manu. of electricity distribution & control apparatus | Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading |
| Mana. of electricity distribution & control apparatus | 8535, 8536 or 8537 |
| Manu. of electric domestic appliances | Electro-thermic coffee or tea makers, for domestic purposes |
| Manu. of electric motors, generators & transformers | Air pumps, air or other gas compressors & ventilating or recycling hoods |
| | incorporating a fan |
| Manu. of electronic components | Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets, incl. numerical control apparatus |
| Manu. of engines & turbines, except aircraft, vehicle & cycle engines | Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engine "diesel or semi- |
| Manu. of essential oils | diesel engine" Mixtures of odoriferous substances & mixtures on the basis of one or more |
| Manu. of essential oils | of these substances |
| Manu. of explosives | Propellent powders |
| Manu. of fasteners & screw machine products | Helical springs, of iron or steel, surface-treated, weighing each ≤ 0.5 kg |
| Manu. of fertilisers & nitrogen compounds | Phosphoric acid; polyphosphoric acids |
| Manu. of fibre cement | Sheets, panels, paving, tiles & similar articles, of asbestos-cement, cellulose |
| | fibre-cement or the like, not containing asbestos |
| Manu. of fibre optic cables | Parts of transmission apparatus for radio-telephony or radio-telegraphy, |
| | without reception apparatus |
| Manu. of fluid power equipment | Valves for oleohydraulic or pneumatic transmission, of iron, of steel other |
| Manu. of fruit & vegetable juice | than stainless steel, or of lead Mucilages & thickeners |
| Manu. of glass fibres | Webs, mattresses, boards & similar nonwoven products, of glass fibres |
| Manu. of glues | Adhesives based on polymers of headings 3901 to 3913 |
| Manu. of grain mill products | Mixes & doughs for the preparation of bakers' wares of heading 1905 |
| Manu. of hollow glass | Microtomes |
| Manu. of homogenised food preparations & dietetic food | Roasted coffee, not decaffeinated |
| Manu. of household & sanitary goods & of toilet requisites | Sanitary towels (pads) & tampons, napkins & napkin liners for babies & |
| | similar articles |
| Manu. of ice cream | Furniture for storage & display, incorporating refrigerating or freezing equip- |
| Manu. of industrial gases | ment Nitrogen |
| Manu. of instruments & appliances for measuring, testing & navigation | Instruments & apparatus for physical or chemical analysis |
| Manu. of kitchen furniture | Metal furniture |
| Manu. of knitted & crocheted hosiery | Full-length or knee-length hosiery |
| Manu. of light metal packaging | Casks, drums, cans, boxes & similar containers, incl. rigid tubular contain- |
| | ers, of aluminium, for any material of a capacity of ≤ 300 l |
| Manu. of lifting & handling equipment | Parts of lifts or skip hoists |
| Manu. of loaded electronic boards | Printed circuits, weighing ≤ 0.3 kg each |
| Manu. of luggage, handbags & the like, saddlery & harness | Travelling-bags, insulated food or beverage bags, toilet bags, rucksacks etc. |
| Manu. of macaroni, noodles, couscous & similar farinaceous products | Pasta, cooked or otherwise prepared |
| Manu. of machinery for food, beverage & tobacco processing | Machinery used in the milling industry or for the working of cereals or dried leguminous vegetables |
| Manu. of machinery for mining, quarrying & construction | leguminous vegetables Tools for drilling, interchangeable weighing ≤ 0.5 kg each |
| | o, merenangearie weighting 2 old ag each |

Parts & accessories of weaving machines "looms" & their auxiliary machinery

Orthopaedic or fracture appliances Parts of machinery for the industrial preparation or manufacture of food or

Non-refractory surfacing preparations for facades, inside walls, floors, ceil-

Articles of bedding & similar furnishing
Edible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats or oils
Mattresses of cellular rubber or plastics, whether or not covered

Manu. of machinery for textile, apparel & leather production

Manu. of made-up textile articles, except apparel Manu. of margarine & similar edible fats Manu. of mattresses Manu. of medical & dental instruments & supplies

Manu. of metal structures & parts of structu

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ings & the like
 Manu. of non-domestic cooling & ventilation equipment
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Machinery & apparatus for filtering or purifying gases, weighing > 5,000 \text{ kg}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Machines for sorting or folding mail or for inserting mail in envelopes or
 Manu. of office machinery & equipment
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bands, machines for opening, closing or sealing mail
Parts of other furniture than seats, of iron or steel other than stainless steel
Protein concentrates & textured protein substances, containing milkfat,
other fat or sugar
 Manu. of office & shop furniture
Manu. of oils & fats
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               other fat or sugar Paper or paperboard labels of all kinds, printed Injection or compression-type moulds for rubber or plastics Derivatives, organic, of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine Electric conductors, for a voltage ≤ 1,000 V Sinks & washbasins, of stainless steel, surface-treated Food preparations for infant use Wooden furniture for bedrooms
Manu. of other articles of paper & paperboard Manu. of other ceramic products Manu. of other chemical products n.e.c.
Manu. of other electronic & electric wires & cables Manu. of other fabricated metal products n.e.c.
Manu. of other food products n.e.c.
Manu. of other furniture
Manu. of other furniture
Manu. of other general-purpose machinery n.e.c.
Manu. of other inorganic basic chemicals
Manu. of other knitted & crocheted apparel
Manu. of other non-metallic mineral products n.e.c.
Manu. of other organic basic chemicals
Manu. of other otherwear
Manu. of other plastic products
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Wooden furniture for occitoms

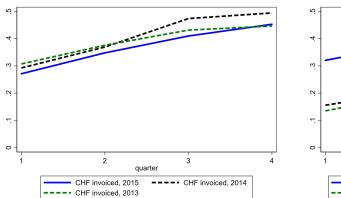
Packing or wrapping machinery, incl. heat-shrink wrapping machinery
Carboxylic acids, saturated acyclic monocarboxylic & their derivatives
T-shirts, singlets & other vests of textile materials

Articles of copper, not surface-treated
Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding
Men's or boys' suits of wool or fine animal hair

Parts & accessories of bodies for motor cars & other motor vehicles designed
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 for the transport of persons
Safety or relief valves
 Manu. of other pumps & compressors
Manu. of other rubber products
Manu. of other special-purpose machinery n.e.c.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Safety or relief valves Compounded rubber, unvulcanised, with carbon black or silica Parts & accessories of printing machinery used for printing by means of plates, cylinders & other printing components of heading 8442 Tanks, casks, drums, cans, boxes & similar containers, of iron or steel, for any material, of a capacity of \geq 50 l but \leq 300 l Appliances for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats or the like Gimped elastomeric yarn Newsprint, in rolls of a width > 36~{\rm cm} Self-adhesive plates, sheets, film, foil, tape, strip Mixtures of odoriferous substances & mixtures based on one or more of these substances
 Manu, of other tanks, reservoirs & containers of metal
 Manu. of other taps & valves
 Manu. of other wearing apparel & accessories
Manu. of paper & paperboard
Manu. of paper stationery
Manu. of perfumes & toilet preparations
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 substances
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Surface-active preparations, washing preparations, auxiliary washing preparations
 Manu. of pesticides & other agrochemical products
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Medicaments for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, put up in measured doses
 Manu. of pharmaceutical preparations
Manu. of plaster products for construction purposes
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Non-refractory surfacing preparations for facades, inside walls, floors, ceilings & the like
Plates, sheets, film, foil & strip
  Manu. of plastics in primary forms
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Plates, sheets, film, foil & strip
Articles for the conveyance or packaging of goods, of plastics
Plates, sheets, film, foil & strip, of plastics, reinforced, laminated, supported
or similarly combined with other materials
Tool holders, incl. tool holders for any type of tool for working in the h&,
& self-opening dieheads, for machine tools
Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding
Jams, jellies, marmalades, purees or pastes of fruit or nuts
Articles of cement, concrete or artificial stone
Instruments & apparatus for measuring or checking pressure of liquids or
gases
 Manu. of plastic packing goods
Manu. of plastic plates, sheets, tubes & profiles
 Manu. of power-driven hand tools
 Manu. of prepared feeds for farm animals
 Manu. of prepared needs & dishes
Manu. of ready-mixed concrete
 Manu. of rubber tyres & tubes; retreading & rebuilding of rubber tyres
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                gases
Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits & other bakers' wares
Surface-active preparations, washing preparations, auxiliary washing prepa-
  Manu. of rusks & biscuits; manufacture of preserved pastry goods & cakes
 Manu. of soap & detergents, cleaning & polishing preparations
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Tations Machinery for filling, closing, sealing or labelling bottles Food preparations containing > 10\% but \le 25\% by weight of a fat other than milkfat
 Manu. of soft drinks
Manu. of starches & starch products
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Than milkfat Tanks, casks, drums, cans, boxes & similar containers, of iron or steel, for any material, of a capacity of \geq 50 l but \leq 300 l Articles of vulcanised rubber Flexible tubes, pipes & hoses, of plastics, reinforced or otherwise combined with other materials Woven fabrics of cotton, unbleached Wrist-watches, whether or not incorporating a stop-watch facility Natural white wine, incl. fortified wines, & grape must Electric conductors, for a voltage \leq 1,000 \text{ V} Plugs & sockets for a voltage \leq 1,000 \text{ V} Flat pallets, box pallets & other load-bearing boards, of wood Men's or boys' tracksuits & other garments of cotton
 Manu, of steel drums & similar containers
 Manu. of synthetic rubber in primary forms
Manu. of tubes, pipes, hollow profiles & related fittings, of steel
Manu. of underwear
Manu. of watches & clocks
Manu. of wire from grape
Manu. of wire products, chain & springs
Manu. of wiring devices
Manu. of wooden containers
Manu. of workwear
Operation of dairies & cheese making
Other printing
Other processing & preserving of fruit &
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Men's or boys' tracksuits & other garments of cotton
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Hard cheese
Trade advertising material, commercial catalogues & the like
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Trade advertising material, commercial catalogues & the like Olives, prepared or preserved Photographic plates & film, exposed & developed, for offset reproduction Textile flock & dust & mill neps Animal or vegetable fats & oils & their fractions Parts of machinery for the industrial preparation of food or drink Roasted coffee, not decaffeinated Natural or artificial abrasive powder or grain, on a base of materials other than woven textile fabric only or paper or paperboard only Spruce & pine, sawn lengthwise, of a thickness > 6 mm Laminated safety glass, of size & shape suitable for incorporation in motor vehicles, aircraft, spacecraft, vessels & other vehicles Grain splits leather of the whole hides & skins of bovine or equine animals Plates, sheets & strip, of aluminium alloy, of a thickness of > 0.2 mm
 Other processing & preserving of fruit & vegetables
Other processing & preserving of truit & Pre-press & pre-media services Preparation & spinning of textile fibres Processing & preserving of meat Processing & preserving of poultry meat Processing of tea & coffee Production of abrasive products
 Sawmilling & planing of wood
 Shaping & processing of flat glass
 Tanning & dressing of leather; dressing & dyeing of fur
 Treatment & coating of metals
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A: CHF-invoiced

B: Non-CHF invoiced



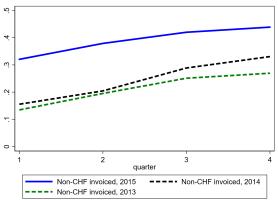


Figure A1.: Fraction of price changes relative to fourth quarter of previous year

Note: For each quarter q=1,...,4 in years 2013, 2014, and 2015, this figure displays the fraction of products that recorded a price different from the price in quarter q=4 of the previous year. For example, a value of 0.4 in q=3 of 2015 means that only 40% of prices (in the currency of invoicing) changed in the third quarter of 2015 relative to the fourth quarter of 2014.

| A: | A: Swiss relative to German exports | | | | | | B: Relative to average 2013 and 2014 | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | (1) 1Q | (2) 2Q | (3) 3Q | (4) 4Q | • | | (1) 1Q | (2) 2Q | (3) 3Q | (4) 4Q | | |
| CHF inv. | -0.011 (0.111) | 0.132 (0.089) | -0.094** (0.043) | -0.325** (0.143) | | | 0.065 (0.051) | -0.017 (0.037) | -0.114*** (0.036) | -0.245** (0.095) | | |
| Constant | 0.073 (0.051) | -0.053 (0.044) | 0.072^{***} (0.024) | 0.270*** (0.085) | | | -0.065*** (0.021) | -0.003 (0.019) | 0.082*** (0.018) | 0.234*** (0.043) | | |
| Observations R-squared | 99 0.000 | 101 0.055 | 106 0.046 | 102 0.250 | | | 127 0.035 | 120 0.003 | 117 0.129 | 116 0.190 | | |
| | C: Not excluding outliers | | | | | | D: Unweighted | | | | | |
| | (1) 1Q | (2) 2Q | (3) 3Q | (4) 4Q | - | | (1) 1Q | (2) 2Q | (3) 3Q | (4) 4Q | | |
| CHF inv. | 0.065 | -0.032 | -0.062** | -0.195** | _ | | 0.127** | 0.020 | -0.052 (0.052) | -0.167** | | |
| Constant | (0.051) $-0.065***$ (0.021) | (0.035) 0.008 (0.017) | (0.026) 0.005 (0.012) | (0.083) $0.164***$ (0.042) | | | (0.059) -0.098*** (0.032) | (0.055) -0.027 (0.035) | 0.052) 0.007 (0.032) | (0.078) $0.126**$ (0.064) | | |
| Observations R-squared | $127 \\ 0.035$ | 127 0.007 | $127 \\ 0.025$ | 127 0.116 | | | 118 0.068 | 120 0.002 | 120 0.016 | 119 0.078 | | |

Table A3—: Export changes and currency of invoicing: Robustness

Note: This table presents sensitivity of our estimates of α_q and β_q in equation (1) to alternative definitions of export growth and to alternative treatment of outliers and weighting. Panel A normalizes Swiss exports growth by German exports growth in the same industry. Panel B uses the average of 2013 and 2014 quarterly exports as the baseline year. Panel C does not exclude products with absolute changes in export values larger than 50%. Panel D does not weight products by export values in the regression. Robust standard errors in parentheses, *** p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1.