

# Flight to "Futures" During the Financial Crisis : Deliverability Through Central Counterparties Takahiro Hattori (Ministry of Finance, Japan, <u>hattori0819@gmail.com</u>)

## Abstract

### The empirical method

- First paper to empirically evaluate the central counterparties (CCPs) during financial crisis
- 2. Taking advantage of the physical settlement of JGB futures through CCPs
- 3. Compare 7- and 6.75-year JGBs to identify the premium on the settlements through CCPs
- 4. Special premium of settlement through CCPs emerged only during financial crisis
- 5. Special premium is significantly related to physical settlements through CCPs

# What is central counterparties(CCPs)?

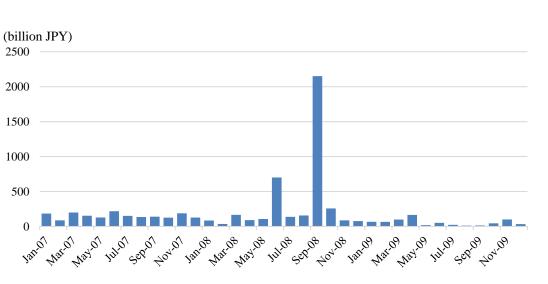
- CCPs is a financial institution that takes on counterparty risk between parties to a transaction and provides clearing/settlement services
- 2. The recent regulation reforms require standardized derivatives should be cleared through CCPs

- Under 10 year-JGB futures, <u>the JGBs with 7~11 years</u> <u>are eligible for delivery</u>, where 7-year JGB (the shortest bonds) basically becomes the CTD (Cheapest to Deliver) bonds.
- Investors can settle the CTD through CCPs using JGB futures.
- 3. We compare 7-year JGB, which is in the deliverable basket, with 6.75-year JGB, which is not in the basket.
- 4. No other institutional feature that makes 7-year JGBs special except for their linkage with JGB futures.
- 5. We consider this as an ideal situation for extracting the premium on linkages to futures. This is the same idea as on-the-run/off-the-run premium.
- . To confirm the linkage between CTD premium and the settlement through CCPs, we regress the premium on the actual bonds delivered through CCPs.

#### Settlement of CTD and non-CTD with and without linking to JGB futures>

1. CTD (7-year JGB) with JGB Futures

#### <u>Settlement Fails in the JGB Market></u>



# Results

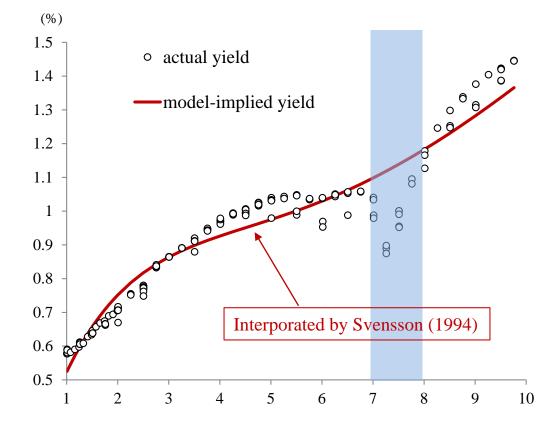
• The actual amount of the delivered JGBs has a positively significant relationship with the special premium with 5% significant level.

	(1)	(2)
Delivery	0.022**	0.018***
	(0.010)	(0.005)
bid ask spread		1.644***
		(0.454)
R-squared	0.180	0.279
Observations	43	43

Note: The robust standard error with Newey–West is in parentheses (\*\*\* p<0.01, \*\* p<0.05).

# The term structure of JGB just after the failure of Lehman Brothers

- The higher premium for the 7-year sector emerged during the crisis
- The emergence of this special premium coincided with the timing when investors recognized the counterparty risk in the OTC market.

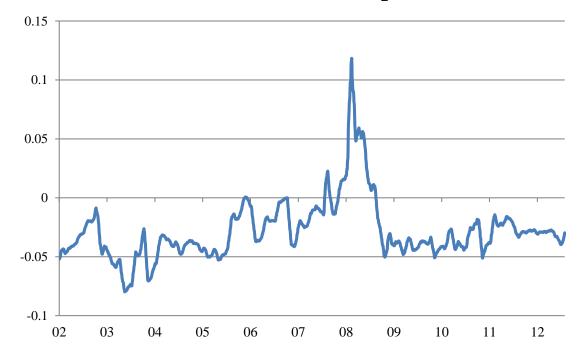




2. Non CTD (6.75-year JGB) without JGB Futures



< The time series of CTD premium >



# The Possibility of Squeeze?

- No possibility of "Squeeze" during the financial crisis for three reasons.
  - A) Existence of Liquidity Enhancement Auction.
  - B) We cannot find the potential squeeze proposedby Merrick et al. (2005) *JFE* during the crisis.
- C) The market participants made a comment about few possibilities of squeeze during the crisis.

# References

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