# Broadcasting Change: India's Community Radio Policy and Women's Empowerment 

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## 1. Grassroots Media for Development

- Media: cheap and scalable way to affect (collective) beliefs and attitudes $\rightarrow$ How to translate into policy?
- Most research on unintended effects of entertainment media (e.g., telenovelas, television) or field experiments ${ }^{1,2,3}$


## Can grassroots media be used as a policy to affect development outcomes?

$\rightarrow$ Specifically: does India's community radio policy affect the role of women?

## 2. 2006 Community Radio Policy in India

## Policy

NGOs and educational institutions can obtain a radio license. (Some) requirements: ${ }^{6}$

- Focus on local development
- Majority of content locally produced
- Not allowed to air news
- Non-profit
- Coverage effectively restricted to $15-30 \mathrm{~km}$

"Women" topic: marriage, education, sanitation, health, maternity...


## 3. Empirical Strategy

Data

- 2015-16 DHS/NFHS data
- Main outcomes: marriage, fertility, and education
- Sample restricted to survey clusters in vicinity of radio tower
- Self-collected data on radio stations: 184 treatment (established before data collection: 2005-15), 84 placebo (established after data collection: 2016-20), c.a. 8,000 and 6,000 DHS survey clusters

Exploiting topography between radio tower and receiver
$y_{i}=\beta$ Exposure $_{c(i)}+$ Propagation $_{c(i)} \omega+X_{i} \lambda+\gamma_{r(i)}+\epsilon_{i, c(i), r(i)}$

- $\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{i}}$ : outcome for individual i
- Exposure ${ }_{c(i)}$ : exposure of individual i in cluster c to radio signal: Coverage * share of time between 2005-15 signal was available
- Propagation ${ }_{c(i)}$ : (travel) distance to radio, geographic controls
- $X_{i} \& \gamma_{r(i)}$ : Other controls \& community radio FE

Identification Assumption: remaining variation in signal strength is driven by the topography between the transmitter and the receiver

## Correcting for Random Displacement of DHS Data

- NFHS/DHS locations randomly displaced by up to $5 \mathrm{~km}^{7}$ $\rightarrow$ Previously ignored, BUT: measurement error and bias
- Draw on knowledge of displacement algorithm to compute: "Coverage Probability": Given a displaced location, what is the probability mass on original locations within treatment area?


## 4. Key Results: Radio Empowers Women

## Exposure to Radios...

- ... increases radio consumption (incl. of radio family planning messages)
- ... delays marriage of young women and men
- ... increases girls' education (esp. middle school and above)
- ... lowers fertility of young women
- ... increases young women's autonomy (mobility \& decisions)


## Robustness

- Placebo: Re-run all regressions for radios launched post data collection (2016-2020) $\rightarrow$ no effects
- No effects on cohorts unaffected by treatment or other media



## 5. Conclusion

- Use of grassroots media as a policy $\rightarrow$ empowerment of women ${ }^{4,5}$
- Methodological: increased precision when working with randomly displaced coordinates

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